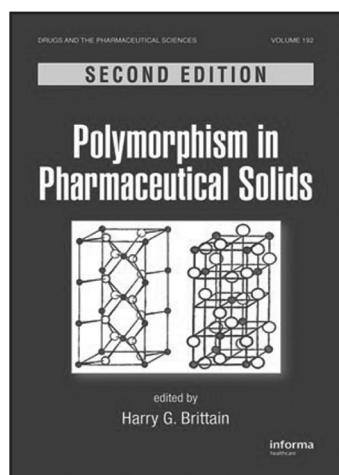


encounter diseases of the oral cavity in their daily practice. The work is current and the references pertinent to the subject matter.

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DRUG ANALYSIS

BRITTAI, H.G. *Polymorphism in pharmaceutical solids*. 2.ed. New York: Informa Healthcare, 2009. 640 p.



The second edition of “Polymorphism in Pharmaceutical Solids” covers the major topics related to polymorphism in pharmaceuticals. The content of the present edition provides up-to-date information on recent developments and methods in characterization and deep studies on the polymorphic state of drug

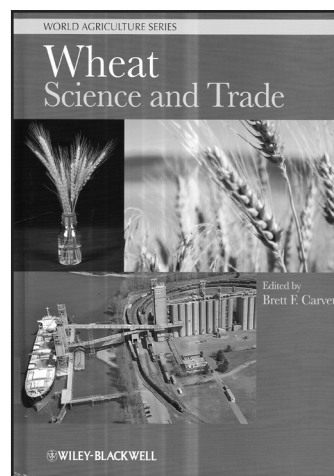
substances. The book is divided into six main sections: the first deals with thermodynamics and theoretical issues including characterization of polymorphic and solvatomorphic systems along with computational methodologies for prediction of the crystal polymorph state of drugs. The second section covers preparative methods for polymorphs and solvatomorphs, where the classical as well as High-Throughput approaches are discussed, with practical examples and the automation potential for scientific and development applications. The structural properties of polymorphs and solvatomorphs, including structural aspects and pharmaceutical co-crystal structures, are discussed in the third section. The characterization of polymorphs and solvatomorphs is a key aspect covered in the fourth section. Modern analytical approaches such as thermoanalytical and crystallographic methods, vibrational spectroscopy, solid-state NMR spectroscopy are included with brief descriptions of the effect of polymorphism and solid-state solvation on important pharmaceutical parameters such as dissolution and solubility of drugs. The fifth section encompasses the interconversion of polymorphs and solvatomorphs as well as the effects of pharmaceutical processing on the solid form of drug and excipient material. The former covers interconversions

such as solid-to-solid, dehydration and desolvation, solution and vapor-mediated phase transformation. While the latter embraces processes involved in pharmaceutical manufacture such as milling, granulation, drying, hydration, lyophilization, compression and other shear stress in polymorph and solvatomorph interconversion. Two topics of great interest are covered in the sixth section, namely the structural aspects of molecular dissymmetry, particularly structural variations amongst solids composed of racemates against solids composed of pure enantiomer. Finally, the amorphous solids are discussed in detail, in a separate chapter. This book is ideal for experts from pharmaceutical and chemical research fields as well as for graduate students.

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FOOD

CARVIER, B.F. *Wheat: Science and Trade*. Ames: Wiley-Blackwell, 2009. 569 p.



Wheat is the world’s largest and most important food crop with an annual harvest of more than 224 million tonnes from 224 million hectares in 2008-2009. It is the greatest source of dietary calories and the most internationally traded agricultural commodity. No other cereal can produce so many different food products as wheat.

Over the last 60 years, the increased productivity reached reflects advances in science and technology. These advances are expected to continue in the future, and all over the world there is a challenge to achieve sustainable high-yielding cultures, while avoiding expansion of the area of cultivation. The success of wheat productivity-gain programs from favorable irrigated and high-rainfall geographic areas to unfavorable semiarid areas, to meet the demands of an ever-increasing population, depends on all aspects of crop and soil science. Massive investments and sharing of knowledge between private and public sectors of research are the keys for the development of this complex system of wheat production, covering

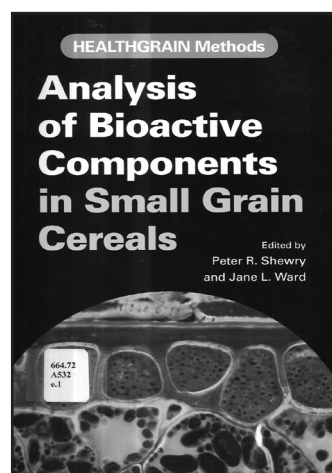
traditional breeding, innovative genetic variation, machinery and supplies, agricultural practices, besides weed and pest control to meet the increasing demand for high-quality end products. This book is designed for students, scientists and practitioners from agronomic and related areas of crop science, offering readers rich, comprehensive and current literature, not only on the development and quality of wheat, but covering diverse aspects of research. Specifically, plant physiology and pathology, entomology, genetics, development of new cultivars, taxonomy, chemistry and biochemistry of cereals, food processing and agribusiness are all focused. This publication, edited by Brett F. Craver, has drawn an impressive list of internationally respected authors, each providing cutting-edge chapters covering all these major topics of recent research. The first section of this publication, comprising three chapters, is designed to explain the process of wheat domestication and genetic evolution of the wheat plant. The second section, which covers 9 chapters, deals with strategies of management, control of diseases from different origins, and also improved performance of wheat cultures; the third section spans six chapters and describes the development of new cultivars based on traditional breeding procedures along with the use of molecular markers to select lines coupled to phenotypic data. Additionally, individual genetic mapping, comparative genomics and the development of transgenic application to achieve modified and improved wheat, are also covered in this section. Finally, the fourth and final section comprises five chapters and provides information regarding wheat classification systems, the use of biochemical and molecular markers to evaluate grain quality, the presence of phytochemicals, new applications and modified wheat, and also examines the American wheat marketing system and price regulation. Therefore, this publication is an invaluable resource of information and an excellent reference book for those interested in the production chain of wheat.

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FOOD ANALYSIS

SHEWRY, P. R.; WARD, J. L. *Analysis of bioactive components in small grain cereals*. St. Paul: Helathgrain methods, 2009. 290 p.

This book is part of the Framework Programme 6 HEALTHGRAIN Project (www.healthgrain.org/



pub/), funded by the European Union, which aims to investigate the role of consumption of whole grains in reducing the risk of chronic non-communicable diseases with special focus on those related to metabolic syndrome. The book presents and discusses the analytical methods for the determination of micronutrients and bioactive compounds in cereals. The introductory chapter highlights the importance of cereals in the diet and of the identification of components related to their biological effects, and points out the challenges and opportunities for study on this subject. The book has 20 chapters, each of which specifically addresses the analytical methodology for the determination of a nutrient or a compound present in these cereals. The chapters present an introduction, the principle of the method in question plus details of procedures, concluding with examples of its application. Some specific comments allow the reader or the analyst to easily identify the critical points of the “analytical procedures” (for example in Chapter 10 - Quantitative analysis of oat avenanthramides). In summary, the book is rich in current methods for the analysis of micronutrients and bioactive compounds in whole grains, which can enhance the studies of young researchers working in the field of food chemistry.

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FOOD AND NUTRITION

CHO, S.S.; SAMUEL, P. (Eds). *Fiber ingredients: food application and health benefits*. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2009. 499 p.

The book describes a review of several kinds of dietary fiber available in the market, which can be used as ingredients. Eighteen kinds of fiber are examined, distributed in four sections according to profile: I Soluble fibers; II Resistant starch; III Conventional fibers; IV New products. Each chapter includes chemical characteristics, technological and functional properties and beneficial effects of the ingredient. Also, health claims for both ingredients